

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

**Listing of Claims:**

1. **(Currently Amended)** An apparatus for allowing a user to model ~~modeling~~ at least one aspect of a software artifact by using extension types, said apparatus comprising a processor and a memory storing code accessible by the processor to provide extension types, each extension type comprising an ordered tuple of a plurality of element types, each of the element types corresponding to different class hierarchies;

wherein said extension types are utilized to simplify implementation of data classifications.

2. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 1, wherein each extension type comprises an extension or variation of element types.

3. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 1, wherein said extension types are adapted to compose classes horizontally.

4. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 1, wherein each extension type is adapted to masquerade as any associated element type.

5. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 1, wherein each extension type is a subtype of its associated element types.

6. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 1, wherein:

each extension type has a size corresponding to the number of elements associated with the extension type; and

given two extension types  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ , a sub-type relation  $\alpha <: \beta$  is definable as follows:

$|\alpha| \geq |\beta|$ ; and

$\alpha(0) <: \beta(0), \alpha(1) <: \beta(1), \dots \alpha(|\beta|-1) <: \beta(|\beta|-1).$

7. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 1, wherein, with  $\alpha$  being the extension type of a variable  $p$  and  $\beta$  being the runtime extension type of the object pointed by  $p$ , so that  $\beta <: \alpha$ :

a method dispatch  $p.m$  comprises starting at the element type  $\beta(0)$  and walking up the class hierarchy of  $\beta(0)$  to find the closest  $m$ , wherein if  $m$  is not defined in the class hierarchy of  $\beta(0)$ , then  $m$  is sought in the  $\beta(1)$  class hierarchy and, if needed, in one or more iteratively successive class hierarchies, until found.

8. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 1, wherein, with  $\alpha$  being the extension type of a variable  $p$  and  $\beta$  being the runtime extension type of the object pointed by  $p$ , so that  $\beta <: \alpha$ :

a method dispatch  $p*m$  comprises, for each element type  $\beta(i)$ , in the order  $i=0, \dots, |\beta|-1$ , walking up the class hierarchy of  $\beta(i)$  to find the closest  $m$  in  $\Downarrow(i)$  and dispatching the method  $m$  (if found), whereby a type error arises if  $m$  is not defined in at least one of the class hierarchies  $\Downarrow(i)$ ,  $i=0, \dots, |\beta|-1$ .

9. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 1, wherein, with  $\alpha$  being the extension type of a variable  $p$  and  $\beta$  being the runtime extension type of the object pointed by  $p$ , so that  $\beta <: \alpha$ :

a method dispatch  $p(1,3,4).m$  comprises reviewing only a class hierarchy of  $\Downarrow(1)$ ,  $\Downarrow(3)$ , and  $\Downarrow(4)$  to find the closest  $m$ , wherein a type error arises if  $m$  is not defined in any of  $\Downarrow(1)$ ,  $\Downarrow(3)$ , or  $\Downarrow(4)$ .

10. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 1, wherein, with  $\alpha$  being the extension type of a variable  $p$  and  $\beta$  being the runtime extension type of the object pointed by  $p$ , so that  $\beta <: \alpha$ :

a method dispatch  $p(1,3,4)*m$  comprises reviewing only a class hierarchy of  $\Downarrow(1)$ ,  $\Downarrow(3)$ , and  $\Downarrow(4)$  to find the closest  $m$  in  $\Downarrow(i)$  and dispatching the method  $m$  if found, whereby a type error arises if in any of the class hierarchies to which  $\Downarrow(1)$ ,  $\Downarrow(3)$ , or  $\Downarrow(4)$  belongs  $m$  is not defined.

11. **(Currently Amended)** A computer implemented method for allowing a user to model ~~of modeling~~ at least one aspect of a software artifact by using extension types, said method comprising the step of providing extension types, each extension type comprising an ordered tuple of a plurality of element types, each of the element types corresponding to different class hierarchies, wherein said extension types are stored in a memory of at least one general-purpose computer; and

wherein said extension types are utilized to simplify implementation of data classifications.

12. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 11, wherein each extension type comprises an extension or variation of element types.

13. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 11, wherein the extension types are adapted to compose classes horizontally.

14. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 11, wherein each extension type is adapted to masquerade as any associated element type.

15. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 11, wherein each extension type is a subtype of its associated element types.

16. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 11, wherein:

each extension type has a size corresponding to the number of elements associated with the extension type; and

given two extension types  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ , a sub-type relation  $\alpha <: \beta$  is definable as follows:

$$|\alpha| \geq |\beta|; \text{ and}$$

$$\alpha(0) <: \beta(0), \alpha(1) <: \beta(1), \dots \alpha(|\beta|-1) <: \beta(|\beta|-1).$$

17. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 11, wherein, with  $\alpha$  being the extension type of a variable  $p$  and  $\beta$  being the runtime extension type of the object pointed by  $p$ , so that  $\beta <: \alpha$ :

a method dispatch  $p.m$  comprises starting at the element type  $\beta(0)$  and walking up the class hierarchy of  $\beta(0)$  to find the closest  $m$ , wherein if  $m$  is not defined in the class hierarchy of  $\beta(0)$ , then  $m$  is sought in the  $\beta(1)$  class hierarchy and, if needed, in one or more iteratively successive class hierarchies, until found.

18. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 11, wherein, with  $\alpha$  being the extension type of a variable  $p$  and  $\beta$  being the runtime extension type of the object pointed by  $p$ , so that  $\beta <: \alpha$ :

a method dispatch  $p^*m$  comprises, for each element type  $\beta(i)$ , in the order  $i=0, \dots, |\beta|-1$ , walking up the class hierarchy of  $\beta(i)$  to find the closest  $m$  in  $\uparrow(i)$  and dispatching the method  $m$  (if found), whereby a type error arises if  $m$  is not defined in at least one of the class hierarchies  $\uparrow(i)$ ,  $i=0, \dots, |\beta|-1$ .

19. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 11, wherein, with  $\alpha$  being the extension type of a variable  $p$  and  $\beta$  being the runtime extension type of the object pointed by  $p$ , so that  $\beta <: \alpha$ :

a method dispatch  $p(1,3,4).m$  comprises reviewing only a class hierarchy of  $\uparrow(1)$ ,  $\uparrow(3)$ , and  $\uparrow(4)$  to find the closest  $m$ , wherein a type error arises if  $m$  is not defined in any of  $\uparrow(1)$ ,  $\uparrow(3)$ , or  $\uparrow(4)$ .

20. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 11, wherein, with  $\alpha$  being the extension type of a variable  $p$  and  $\beta$  being the runtime extension type of the object pointed by  $p$ , so that  $\beta <: \alpha$ :

a method dispatch  $p(1,3,4)*m$  comprises reviewing only a class hierarchy of  $\uparrow(1)$ ,  $\uparrow(3)$ , and  $\uparrow(4)$  to find the closest  $m$  in  $\uparrow(i)$  and dispatching the method  $m$  if found, whereby a type error arises if in any of the class hierarchies to which  $\uparrow(1)$ ,  $\uparrow(3)$ , or  $\uparrow(4)$  belongs  $m$  is not defined.

21. **(Currently Amended)** A data storage device readable by machine, comprising a data structure stored on the device, the data structure being at least one extension type comprising an ordered tuple of a plurality of element types, each of the element types corresponding to different class hierarchies; wherein said at least one extension type allows a user to model at least one aspect of a software artifact to simplify implementation of data classifications.